The Honorable Ricardo S. Martinez 2 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 8 AT SEATTLE 9 10 NO. CR19-010RSM UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, 11 Plaintiff, PROTECTIVE ORDER PURSUANT TO 12 SECTION 4 OF CLASSIFIED v. INFORMATION PROCEDURES ACT 13 AND FEDERAL RULE OF CRIMINAL 14 HUAWEI DEVICE CO., LTD., and PROCEDURE 16(d)(1) HUAWEI DEVICE USA, INC., 15 Defendants. 16 17 This matter has come before the Court on the Government's Classified In Camera, 18 Ex Parte Motion for a Protective Order Pursuant to CIPA Section 4 and Fed. R. Crim. P. 19 16(d)(1) ("Government's Motion for a Protective Order"). By its motion, the government 20 requested that the Court, pursuant to CIPA § 4, Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(d)(1), and the 21 applicable law: (1) conduct an in camera, ex parte review of the government's 22 submission; (2) authorize the government to withhold specified classified information 23 from discovery; and (3) order that the government's motion and accompanying exhibits 24 shall not be disclosed to the defense and shall be sealed and preserved in the records of 25 the Court to be made available for any future review of these proceedings. 26 27 28

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The Court, having carefully considered the government's motion and memorandum of law, and supporting materials filed therewith, **GRANTS** the Government's Motion for a Protective Order in its entirety.

The Court finds that the Government's Motion for a Protective Order was properly filed *in camera*, *ex parte* for this Court's review, pursuant to CIPA § 4 and Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(d)(1). The submission contains classified information that requires protection against unauthorized disclosure for reasons of national security such that its disclosure to the defense, or to the public, reasonably could be expected to cause damage to national security. The Court has conducted an *in camera*, *ex parte* review.

On the basis of the Court's independent review of the information and the arguments set forth in the Government's Motion for a Protective Order and the classified material in support of the motion, the Court finds that the classified information referenced in the government's motion and memorandum of law implicates the government's classified information privilege because the information is properly classified and its disclosure could cause serious damage to the national security of the United States. Furthermore, the Court finds that none of the classified information is exculpatory, see Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963), and that the information is not impeachment material. See Giglio v. United States, 405 U.S. 150 (1972).

Additionally, the Court finds that the "relevant and helpful" standard articulated in United States v. Rovario, 353 U.S. 53 (1957), United States v. Yunis, 867 F.2d 617 (D.C. Cir. 1989), and United States v. Klimavicius-Viloria, 144 F.3d 1249, 1261 (9th Cir. 1998), is the appropriate standard by which to analyze the discoverability of classified information where, as here, the government has properly invoked the classified information privilege. To this end, the Court finds that in applying the Rovario/Yunis/Klimavicius-Viloria standard, none of the classified information referenced in the government's motion is relevant and helpful to the defense. Furthermore, the Court finds that the national security damage from disclosure to the defense, as articulated in the in camera, ex parte motion and memorandum of law and

| 1 | accompanying materials, outweighs the defendant's need for the information at issue. |
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| 2 | This Order also applies to the government's discovery obligations under Federal Rule of |
| 3 | Criminal Procedure 16, and Brady v. Maryland, Giglio v. United States and their progeny |
| 4 | with regard to the information described herein. |
| 5 | Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED that the government is authorized to withhold the |
| 6 | specified classified information outlined above from discovery to the defense. |
| 7 | IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the government's motion, memorandum of |
| 8 | law, and the accompanying materials shall not be disclosed to the defense, and shall be |
| 9 | sealed and maintained in a facility appropriate for the storage of such classified |
| 10 | information by the Classified Information Security Officer as the designee of the Clerk of |
| 11 | Court, in accordance with established security procedures, for any future review, until |
| 12 | further order of this Court. |
| 13 | IT IS SO ORDERED, this day of June, 2019. |
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| 16 | RICARDO S. MARTINEZ |
| 17 | United States District Judge |
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| 20 | Presented by: |
| 21 | <u>/s/ Todd Greenberg</u> TODD GREENBERG |
| 22 | THOMAS WOODS |
| 23 | SIDDHARTH VELAMOOR |
| 24 | Assistant United States Attorneys |
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